

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Addease COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO Box 1430 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.wopto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/082,196	02/25/2002	Alexander N. Knight	29766-68964	8697	
23443 7590 BARNES & THORNBURG LLP 11 SOUTH MERIDIAN INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46204			EXAMINER		
			EL CHANTI, HUSSEIN A		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2457		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			04/15/2009	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

indocket@btlaw.com

Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/082,196	KNIGHT ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
HUSSEIN A. EL CHANTI	2457		

Period fo		ncation appears on the cove	r sneet with the correspondence address
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm	MAILING DATE OF THIS CO s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, how nunication. istutory period will apply and will expire will, by statute, cause the application i	ever, may a reply be timely filed SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. o become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
2a)⊠		2b) This action is non-fin for allowance except for fo	rmal matters, prosecution as to the merits is
Dispositi	ion of Claims		
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-95</u> is/are pending in the at 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/arc allowed. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restrict	re withdrawn from consider	
Applicati	ion Papers		
10)□		: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ ob action to the drawing(s) be held g the correction is required if the	
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some co None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internatic	documents have been record documents have been record the priority documents honal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2	eived. eived in Application No ave been received in this National Stage ((a)).
Attachmen	t(s)		
2) Notice	te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Fmatton Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SE/08) tr No(s) Mail Date	PTO-948)	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. Notice of Informal Patent Application Other:

0.5.	Mat	ent	ans	1 Trace	mari	COTTIC
DT	OI.	200	20	(Day	0.0	OC)

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 10/082,196

Art Unit: 2457

DETAILED ACTION

 This action is responsive to amendment received on Feb. 2, 2009. Claims 1-95 are pending examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 1-9, 18, 25-27 and 51-62 and 71-77 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gurne et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,181,992 (referred to hereafter as Gurne) in view of Funkhouser et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,925,368 (referred to hereafter as Funkhouser.

As to claims 1 and 28, Gume teaches an adapter for allowing communications between a vehicle control computer coupled to a vehicle communications network and a remote computer, the adapter comprising:

a first interface configured for operatively coupling to a first network segment of the vehicle communications network, the first network segment configured for communications according to a first protocol (see col. 3 lines 44-62, handheld device interface with the vehicle); and

a second interface configured for operatively coupling to a second network segment of the vehicle communications network, the second network segment

Art Unit: 2457

configured for communications according to a second protocol according to a protocol different from the J1939 network (see col. 4 lines 24-64, scanner connects to vehicle using a plurality of cables and associated protocols); and

a third interface including a serial bus controller having a SERIAL BUS device port and a SERIAL BUS host port, the third interface configured for operatively coupling to the remote computer via the SERIAL BUS device port and the SERIAL BUS host port (see col. 3 lines 44-62, handheld device interfaces with the master station):

wherein the vehicle control computer and the remote computer communicate via one of the first network segment through the first and third interfaces and the second network segment through the second and third interfaces (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

Gunre does not explicitly teach that the serial bus is a USB. Funkhouser, however, teaches a system including a scanner 12 that is connected to a remote computer 26 using a USB device port (see fig. 1-2 and col. 8 lines 46-63). It would have been obvious for one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to install the USB device port in the scanner of Gunre to connect to a remote computer as taught by Funkhouser. Motivation to do so comes from the knowledge well known in the art that using a USB connection to communicate between two devices would provide a faster communication and would therefore make the system more efficient.

As to claim 2, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 1, wherein the remote computer is a personal digital assistant having a SERIAL BUS device port, and wherein

Art Unit: 2457

the SERIAL BUS device port of the personal digital assistant is operatively coupled to the SERIAL BUS host port of the serial bus controller (see col. 4 lines 41-64).

As to claim 3, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 2, wherein the remote computer comprises service tool software (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

As to claim 4, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 2, wherein the remote computer comprises vehicle diagnostic software (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

As to claim 5, Gume teaches the adapter of claim 1, wherein the remote computer is a personal computer having a SERIAL BUS host port, and wherein the SERIAL BUS host port of the personal computer is operatively coupled to the SERIAL BUS device port of the serial bus controller (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

As to claim 6, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 5, wherein the remote computer comprises service tool software (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

As to claim 7, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 5, wherein the remote computer comprises vehicle diagnostic software (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

As to claim 8, Gume teaches the adapter of claim 1, wherein the SERIAL BUS host port of the serial bus controller is configured for coupling with a plurality of remote computers, each of the plurality of remote computers having a SERIAL BUS device port

(see col. 4 lines 24-40).

As to claim 9, Gume teaches the adapter of claim 8, wherein at least one of the plurality of remote computers comprises vehicle diagnostic or service tool software (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

As to claim 18, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 1, the adapter further comprising a third interface configured for operatively coupling to a second remote computer, wherein the third interface comprises an RS-232 serial port (see col. 12 lines 39-col. 13 lines 8).

As to claim 25, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 1, wherein the serial bus controller further comprises a SERIAL BUS On-The-Go port (see col. 3 lines 43-col. 5 lines 25).

As to claim 26, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 25, wherein the remote computer is a personal digital assistant having a SERIAL BUS device port, and wherein the SERIAL BUS device port of the personal digital assistant is operatively coupled to the SERIAL BUS On-The-Go port of the serial bus controller (see col. 3 lines 43-col. 5 lines 25).

As to claim 27, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 25, wherein the remote computer is a personal computer having a SERIAL BUS host port, and wherein the SERIAL BUS host port of the personal computer is operatively coupled to the SERIAL BUS On-The-Go port of the serial bus controller (see col. 3 lines 43-col. 5 lines 25).

Claims 51-62 and 71-77 have similar limitations as claims 1-9, 18 and 25-27 and therefore are rejected for similar reasons.

Claims 10-17, 19-24, 28-50, 36-43, 63-70 and 78-95 are rejected under 35
 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gume in view of Funkhouser and further in view of Hullinger, U.S. Patent No. 6,430,485.

As to claims 10-17 and 19-24, Gurne teaches an adapter for allowing communications between a vehicle control computer coupled to a vehicle communications network and a remote computer, the adapter comprising:

a first interface configured for operatively coupling to the vehicle communications network (see col. 3 lines 44-62, handheld device interface with the vehicle); and

a second interface including a serial bus controller having a SERIAL BUS device port and a SERIAL BUS host port, the second interface configured for operatively coupling to the remote computer via the SERIAL BUS device port and the SERIAL BUS host port (see col. 3 lines 44-62, handheld device interfaces with the master station);

wherein the vehicle control computer and the remote computer communicate via the vehicle communications network and the first and second interfaces (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

Neither Gurne nor Funkhouser teach that the communication networks are J1939 and J1587 networks

Hullinger teaches a system and method for connecting to a J1587 and J1939 networks installed in a vehicle and reading data from devices connected to these

networks. It would have been obvious for one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Gurne by connecting the handheld device to a J1587 and J1939 networks as in Hullinger. Motivation to do so comes from the knowledge well known in the art that because j1939 and j1587 are very well known and very widely used protocols which would make the system of Gurne compatible with most vehicle systems.

As to claim 78, Gurne teaches an adapter for allowing communications between control computers of a vehicle and a remote computer, the adapter comprising: a first interface configured for operatively coupling to a network segment of the vehicle; a second interface configured for operatively coupling to a network segment of the vehicle; and a third interface including a SERIAL BUS On-The-Go port, the third interface configured for operatively coupling to the remote computer via the SERIAL BUS On-The-Go port; wherein each control computer of the vehicle and the remote computer communicate via one of the network and the first and third interfaces, and the network and the second and third interfaces (see col. 2 lines 23-62 and col. 3 lines 44-62, handheld device interface with the vehicle handheld and device interfaces with the master station).

Gunre does not explicitly teach that the serial bus is a USB. Funkhouser, however, teaches a system including a scanner 12 that is connected to a remote computer 26 using a USB device port (see fig. 1-2 and col. 8 lines 46-63). It would have been obvious for one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to install the USB device port in the scanner of Gunre to connect to a remote computer as taught

by Funkhouser. Motivation to do so comes from the knowledge well known in the art that using a USB connection to communicate between two devices would provide a faster communication and would therefore make the system more efficient.

Hullinger teaches a system and method for connecting to a J1587 and J1939 networks installed in a vehicle and reading data from devices connected to these networks. It would have been obvious for one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Gurne by connecting the handheld device to a J1587 and J1939 networks as in Hullinger. Motivation to do so comes from the knowledge well known in the art that because j1939 and j1587 are very well known and very widely used protocols which would make the system of Gurne compatible with most vehicle systems.

As to claim 79, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 78, wherein the remote computer is a personal digital assistant having a SERIAL BUS device port, and wherein the SERIAL BUS device port of the personal digital assistant is operatively coupled to the SERIAL BUS host port of the serial bus controller (see col. 4 lines 41-64).

As to claim 80, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 79, wherein the remote computer comprises service tool software (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

As to claim 81, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 79, wherein the remote computer comprises vehicle diagnostic software (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

As to claim 82, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 78, wherein the remote

Art Unit: 2457

computer is a personal computer having a SERIAL BUS host port, and wherein the SERIAL BUS host port of the personal computer is operatively coupled to the SERIAL BUS device port of the serial bus controller (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

As to claim 83, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 82, wherein the remote computer comprises service tool software (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

As to claim 84, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 82, wherein the remote computer comprises vehicle diagnostic software (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

As to claim 85, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 78, wherein the SERIAL BUS host port of the serial bus controller is configured for coupling with a plurality of remote computers, each of the plurality of remote computers having a SERIAL BUS device port (see col. 4 lines 24-40).

As to claims 86-87, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 85, wherein at least one of the plurality of remote computers comprises vehicle diagnostic or service tool software (see col. 3 lines 44-62 and col. 2 lines 23-62).

As to claim 88, Gume teaches the adapter of claim 78, the adapter further comprising a third interface configured for operatively coupling to a second remote computer, wherein the third interface comprises an RS-232 serial port (see col. 12 lines 39-col. 13 lines 8).

Art Unit: 2457

As to claim 89, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 88, wherein the second remote computer is a personal digital assistant having an RS-232 serial port, and wherein the RS-232 serial port of the personal digital assistant is operatively coupled to the RS-232 serial port of the adapter (see col. 12 lines 39-col. 13 lines 8).

As to claim 90, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 89, wherein the second remote computer comprises service tool software (see col. 3 lines 43-col. 5 lines 25).

As to claim 91, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 89, wherein the second remote computer comprises vehicle diagnostic software (see col. 3 lines 43-col. 5 lines 25).

As to claim 92, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 88, wherein the second remote computer is a personal computer having an RS-232 serial port, and wherein the RS-232 serial port of the personal computer is operatively coupled to the RS-232 serial port of the adapter (see col. 3 lines 43-col. 5 lines 25).

As to claim 93, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 92, wherein the second remote computer comprises service tool software (see col. 3 lines 43-col. 5 lines 25).

As to claim 94, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 92, wherein the second remote computer comprises vehicle diagnostic software (see col. 3 lines 43-col. 5 lines 25).

As to claim 95, Gurne teaches the adapter of claim 78, wherein the serial bus controller further comprises a SERIAL BUS On-The-Go port (see col. 3 lines 43-col. 5

lines 25).

Claims 28-50 and 63-70 have similar limitations as claims 10-17, 19-24 and 78-95 and therefore are rejected for similar reasons.

- Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.
- 4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

 Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to HUSSEIN A. EL CHANTI whose telephone number is (571)272-3999. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:30-5:00. Application/Control Number: 10/082,196 Page 12

Art Unit: 2457

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on (571)272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Hussein Elchanti April 10, 2009

/Salad Abdullahi/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2457